

## Chapter 13.5 – 13.6 Lecture Handout

**Directions:** The following practice problems are included with the lecture. Complete them according to the lecture

**Raoult's Law Practice problem**

The vapor pressure of pure water at 20°C is 17.5 torr. What is the vapor pressure of water over a solution made by dissolving 50.0 g of glucose ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ ) in 50.0 g of water?

**Freezing Point Depression Practice problem**

What is the freezing point of a solution made by dissolving 25.5 g of glucose ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ ) in 1.00 kg of water?

**Boiling Point Elevation Practice Problem**

What is the *change* in boiling point (from that of pure water) of an aqueous solution that is 0.115 *m* in  $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$ ?  $K_b = 0.52\text{ }^\circ\text{C}/m$

**Additional Practice with Colligative Properties**

Which aqueous solution will have the lowest freezing point? Explain your answer.

- ☐ 0.01 *m*  $\text{NaCl}$
- ☐ 0.02 *m* glucose
- ☐ 0.02 *m*  $\text{HCl}$
- ☐ 0.01 *m*  $\text{CaCl}_2$

### **Osmosis Practice Problem**

A 0.100 L Solution is made by dissolving a sample of  $\text{CaCl}_2(\text{s})$  in water.

(a) Is  $\text{CaCl}_2$  an electrolyte or a nonelectrolyte?

(b) The solution has an osmotic pressure of 3.55 atm at  $27^\circ \text{C}$ . What is the approximate molarity of  $\text{CaCl}_2$  in the solution?